



Hotwire® 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit with DSX-1 Interface Installation Instructions

Document Number 8774-A2-GZ40-30

February 2001

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8774-A2-GB20

Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit, with DSX-1 Interface, User's Guide

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Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit

The Hotwire® 8774 Termination Unit is a circuit card assembly that contains four Time Division Multiplexer Symmetric Digital Subscriber Line (TDM SDSL) ports and a DSX-1 interface. When the termination unit is used in a Hotwire 8600 or 8800 Series Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer (DSLAM) chassis, it transports up to 1544 kbps signals over traditional twisted-pair telephone wiring.

⚠ HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR STATIC-SENSITIVE DEVICES



This product is designed to protect sensitive components from damage due to electrostatic discharge (ESD) during normal operation. When performing installation procedures, however, take proper static control precautions to prevent damage to equipment. If you are not sure of the proper static control precautions, contact your nearest sales or service representative.

Installation Overview

Installation and configuration of the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit consists of:

- Installing the unit in the DSLAM.
- Connecting to the DTE.
- Connecting to an MDF.
- Providing initial unit identity information or changing existing identity information.
- Configuring your unit using the Configuration Edit menus.

Before you install the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit, read the *Important Safety Instructions* on page 17.

Be sure to register your warranty at www.paradyne.com/warranty.

Planning the Installation

Review the following list to help plan for the installation.

- Obtain the applicable cables; refer to *Cables You Need*, below.
- Make sure the Hotwire DSLAM chassis is installed and power is supplied to the chassis.
- After the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit is installed, there are configuration procedures that must be performed before you can begin to use the unit. Refer to the *Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Unit, with DSX-1 Interface, User's Guide* if you need detailed configuration procedures.

Cables You Need

The following standard cables are used with this product.

For the network connection:

- Plug-ended Telco 50-position cable for connection from the Hotwire 8600 Series DSLAM LINE port or one of the Hotwire 8800 Series DSLAM LINES ports to the Main Distribution Frame (MDF) or other demarcation point.

For the DTE connection:

- The 50-position plug to four 8-position non-keyed jacks (like Paradyne Feature No. 8700-F1-505).

For further information refer to *Connector Pin Assignments* in the User's Guide, and the appropriate DSLAM installation document.

Installing TDM SDSL Cards

A Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit can be installed, removed, and replaced from a the DSLAM chassis without disrupting service to the other cards in the chassis.

► Procedure

To install the unit:

1. Determine in which slot the unit will be installed. Verify that cards in adjacent slots have been fastened.
2. Remove the filler plate from the installation slot and store for possible later use.
3. Insert the unit into the DSLAM:
 - For a **Hotwire 8600 Series DSLAM chassis** – Hold the unit horizontally, with the component side facing up, and insert it into the left and right card guides.
 - For a **Hotwire 8800 Series DSLAM chassis** – Hold the unit vertically, with the component side facing right, and insert it into the top and bottom card guides.
4. Slide the unit into the slot until the power and network connectors seat firmly in the mating connectors on the backplane.

CAUTION:

Do not force the unit into the slot. This can damage the backplane connectors. If the card does not seat properly, remove the card and reinstall it. If it still does not seat properly, call your service representative.

The termination unit performs a power-on self-test. All of the LEDs turn ON and OFF briefly. When the self-test is completed successfully, the SYSTEM OK LED begins to pulse once per second.

5. If the LED is not pulsing, refer to *Messages and Troubleshooting* in the User's Guide.
6. Secure the unit by fastening the screws at each end of the faceplate.

Connecting to the DTE

Connection to the four ports of the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit is through the 50-pin interface connector on its faceplate. Refer to *Connector Pin Assignments* in the User's Guide.

► Procedure

To connect the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit to your DTE:

1. Connect the 50-position connector of the cable to the connector on the faceplate of the unit. Align one end of the cable connector with the card connector, then push on the cable connector until it seats.
2. Feed the cable through the Cable Guide if it is installed. When all cables are installed, anchor them with cable ties to the rack, DSLAM, or Cable Guide.
3. Connect the four terminating connectors to your DTE or DTEs.

Connecting to an MDF

You can connect the Hotwire DSLAM chassis containing the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit to an MDF or other demarcation point. Do not connect it to a POTS splitter.

► Procedure

To connect the Hotwire DSLAM chassis containing the unit to an MDF:

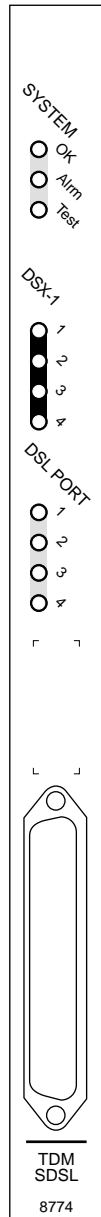
1. Plug the Telco 50-pin cable into the appropriate LINE port on the chassis:
2. Replace the longer Telco cable captive screw with a shorter connector captive screw, which is provided with the Hotwire DSLAM chassis.
3. Insert a cable tie (provided with Hotwire DSLAM chassis) through the tie mount to hold the Telco 50-pin connector in place. If more than one Telco cable is being connected, span the two or three connectors.
4. Make sure the other end is connected to the appropriate MDF or demarcation point.

Refer to *Connector Pin Assignments* in the User's Guide for pinouts.

NOTE:

If connecting the Telco 25-pair, 50-pin cable to an MDF, a converter may be necessary for terminating the other end of the cable on a punchdown block before cross-connecting to an MDF.

Front Panel LEDs



The following table describes the meaning and states of the LEDs on the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit's faceplate.

Type	LED	LED is . . .*	Indicating . . .
SYSTEM	OK (Green)	On	Unit failure; system processing has stopped.
		Off	No power to card.
		Slow Cycling	Unit is in minimum mode and a download is required.
SYSTEM	Alarm (Amber)	On	Unit failure, or Power-On Self-Test (POST) has failed.
		Off	No alarms.
SYSTEM	Test (Amber)	On	Loopback test or 511 test pattern in progress.
		Slow cycling	POST in progress.
		Off	No tests.
DSX-1	1, 2, 3, 4 (Green)	On	Recoverable signal present on the DSX-1 network.
		Slow cycling	Yellow Alarm Indication (RAI) present.
		Fast cycling	An OOF, LOF, EER, or AIS condition exists.
		Off	No signal on the port.
DSL PORT	1, 2, 3, 4 (Green)	On	DSL link is up.
		Slow cycling	DSL training in progress.
		Fast cycling	OOF condition.
		Off	DSL link is down.
* Slow Cycling:		LED turns off and on in equal duration once per second.	
Fast Cycling:		LED turns off and on in equal duration 5 times per second.	
Pulsing:		LED turns off momentarily once per second.	

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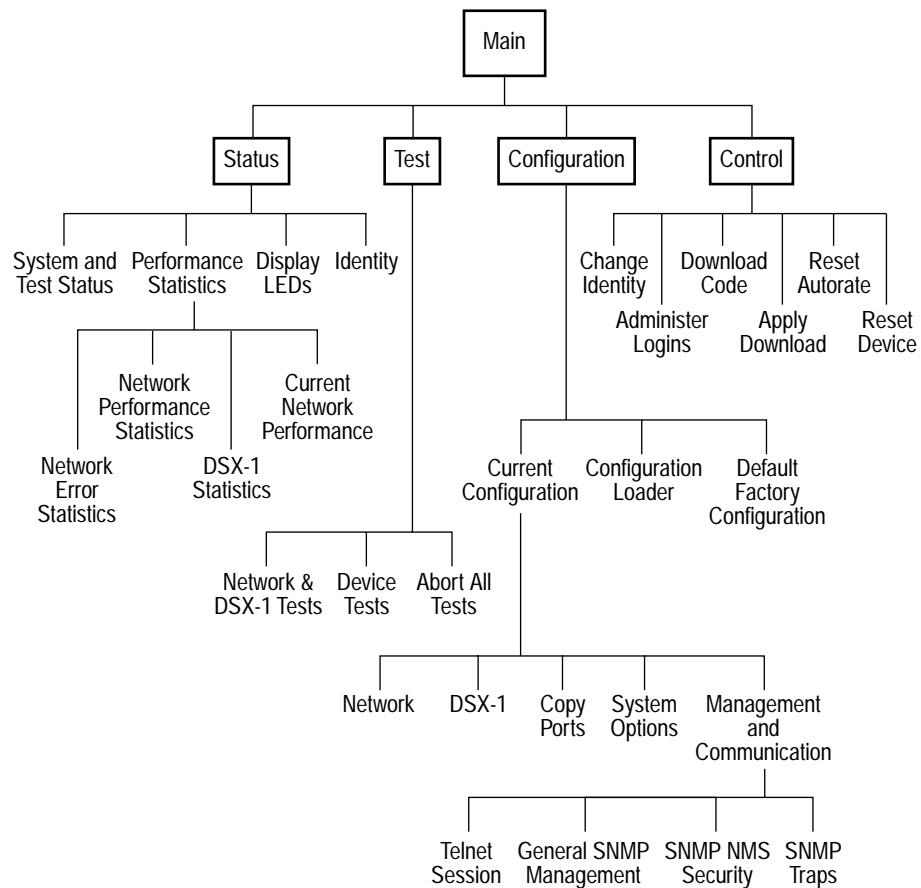
Logging In to the Hotwire DSLAM

You can log in to the Hotwire DSLAM system using either a local VT100-compatible terminal or a remote Telnet connection.

After you enter your user ID and password, the system displays the Hotwire Chassis Main Menu. See your Management Communications Controller (MCC) documentation for information about selecting the unit from the MCC card selection screen.

Asynchronous Terminal Interface Menu

The following illustration shows the paths to the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDXL Termination Unit's various ATI screens.



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Entering Identity Information

After accessing your unit for the first time, use the Change Identity screen to determine SNMP administrative system information that will be displayed on the Identity screen of the Status branch. To access the Card Identity screen, follow this menu selection sequence:

Main Menu → Control → Change Identity

Configuring the TDM SDSL Termination Unit

Configuration option settings determine how the unit operates. Use the Configuration branch of the Hotwire 8774 TDM SDSL Termination Unit's menu to display or change configuration option settings.

The unit is shipped with factory settings in the Default Factory Configuration area. If the factory default settings do not support your network's configuration, customize the configuration options for your application.

Accessing and Displaying Configuration Options

To display the configuration options, you must first load a configuration option set into the edit area.

To load a configuration option set into the configuration edit area, follow this menu selection sequence:

Main Menu → Configuration (Load Configuration From)

```
main/configuration                               Hotwire
Slot: 4                                         Model: 8774

                                LOAD CONFIGURATION FROM:

                                Current Configuration
                                Configuration Loader
                                Default Factory Configuration

-----
Ctrl-a to access these functions, ESC for previous menu      MainMenu  Exit
```

Make a selection by placing the cursor at your choice and pressing Enter.

If you select ...	Then ...
Current Configuration	The selected configuration option set is loaded and the Configuration Edit/Display menu screen appears.
Configuration Loader	The Configuration Loader screen is displayed allowing you to upload or download configurations from a TFTP server.
Default Factory Configuration	The default factory configuration is loaded and the Configuration Edit/Display menu screen appears.

Configuration Edit/Display

The Configuration Edit/Display screen is displayed when the current, customer, or default configuration is loaded and allows groups of configuration options to be displayed. To access the Configuration Edit/Display screen, follow this menu selection sequence:

Main Menu → Configuration → Current Configuration

– or –

Main Menu → Configuration → Default Factory Configuration

```

main/config/edit                               Hotwire
Slot: 4                                         Model: 8774

                                CONFIGURATION EDIT/DISPLAY

                                Network
                                DSX-1
                                Copy Ports
                                System Options
                                Management and Communication

-----
Ctrl-a to access these functions, ESC for previous menu      MainMenu  Exit
Save
  
```

Select ...	To Access the ...	To Configure the ...
Network	Network Interface Options, Table 1	T1 TDM SDSL network interface Ports 1–4.
DSX-1	DSX-1 Interface Options, Table 2	DSX-1 interface Ports 1–4.
Copy Ports	Copy Ports Options, Table 3	T1 TDM SDSL network and DSX-1 interface ports by copying options from port to port.
System Options	System Options, Table 4	General system options of the unit.
Management and Communication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Telnet Session Options, Table 5 ■ General SNMP Management Options, Table 6 ■ SNMP NMS Security Options, Table 7 ■ SNMP Traps Options, Table 8 	Management support of the unit through SNMP and Telnet.

NOTE:

The SNMP NMS Security Options screen is not available in IP Conservative mode.

Table 1. Network Interface Options

Margin Threshold
Possible Settings: -5db, -4db, -3db, -2db, -1db, 0db, 1db, 2db, 3db, 4db, 5db, 6db, 7db, 8db, 9db, 10db Default Setting: 0db
Determines the level, expressed in decibels, at which a signal-to-noise margin condition is recognized.
Excessive Error Rate Threshold
Possible Settings: 1E-4, 1E-5, 1E-6, 1E-7, 1E-8, 1E-9 Default Setting: 1E-6
Determines the error rate at which an excessive error rate (EER) condition is recognized. The rate is the ratio of the number of CRC errors to the number of bits received in a certain period.
AutoRate
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Disable
Determines whether the unit automatically adjusts to the best line rate for conditions, or is fixed at the rate in the DSL Line Rate field. The automatically set rate cannot exceed DSL Line Rate. <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ AutoRate is only available when the unit is configured as an LTU.
DSL Line Rate
Possible Settings: 400, 528, 784, 1040, 1552 Default Setting: 1552
Determines the fixed line rate of the LTU when AutoRate is disabled, and the maximum rate to which the unit can be set when AutoRate is enabled. <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ DSL Line Rate is only available when the unit is configured as an LTU.
Peer IP Address
Possible Settings: 001.000.000.000 – 223.255.255.255, Clear Default Setting: 000.000.000.000
Specifies the peer IP address providing the remote management link on the DSL loop. The Peer IP Address is only available when the unit is configured as an LTU. <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Peer IP Address is only available when the unit is configured as an LTU and the unit is not running in IP Conservative mode.
Circuit Identifier
Possible Settings: [ASCII text], Clear Default Setting: [blank]
Uniquely identifies the circuit number of the transmission vendor's DSL line for troubleshooting purposes.

Table 2. DSX-1 Interface Options

Port Status
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Enable
Determines whether the port can be configured and used.
Line Framing (LTU Only)
Possible Settings: ESF, D4 Default Setting: ESF
Specifies the framing format to be used by the DSX interface. <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Line Framing is only available when the unit is configured as an LTU. The NTU is automatically configured to match the framing format used by the LTU.
Line Coding Format
Possible Settings: AMI, B8ZS Default Setting: B8ZS
Specifies the line coding format to be used by the DSX interface.
Line Equalization
Possible Settings: 0-133, 133-266, 266-399, 399-533, 533-655 Default Setting: 0-133
Compensates for signal distortion for a DSX-1 signal over a given cable length.
Excessive Error Rate Threshold
Possible Settings: 1E-4, 1E-5, 1E-6, 1E-7, 1E-8, 1E-9 Default Setting: 1E-4
Determines the error rate at which an excessive error rate (EER) condition is recognized. The rate is the ratio of the number of CRC5 errors to the number of bits received in a certain period.
Send AIS on Network Failure
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Enable
Specifies the action taken on the signal transmitted to the DSX-1 when a valid signal cannot be recovered from the network interface (LOS or OOF).
Send All Ones on DSX-1 Failure
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Enable
Specifies the action taken on the signal transmitted to the network when a valid signal cannot be recovered from the network interface (LOS or OOF).
Primary Clock Source
Possible Settings: DSX-1, Internal Default Setting: Internal
Specifies where the unit will derive its timing from. <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Primary Clock Source is only available when the unit is configured as an LTU. If DSL Line Rate is set lower than 1552 kbps, Primary Clock Source is forced to DSX-1 and cannot be changed.

Table 3. Copy Ports Options

From: Port <i>n</i>
Possible Settings: 1, 2, 3, 4 Default Setting: 1
Controls the source of the configuration options.
To: Port <i>y</i>
Possible Settings: 1, 2, 3, 4, All Default Setting: 2
Controls the target of the configuration options. NOTE: Peer IP Address and Circuit Identifier are <i>not</i> copied.

Table 4. System Options

DSL Mode
Possible Settings: LTU, NTU Default Setting: LTU
Controls whether the unit is configured as a control unit or tributary unit. A DSLAM-to-DSLAM configuration requires that one unit be set to NTU mode. NOTE: Changing this option will reset the card.
Test Timeout
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Enable
Allows tests to end automatically. The feature should be enabled when the unit is remotely managed, so that control can be regained after a test is accidentally executed.
Test Duration (min)
Possible Settings: 1–120 Default Setting: 10
Number of minutes for a test to be active before automatically ending. ■ Test Duration (min) option appears when Test Timeout is enabled.
Telco Initiated Loopback
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Enable
Determines if the unit will respond to inband or bit oriented protocol loopback commands on the DSX-1 interface.
Remote Telco Loopback
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Disable
Determines if the unit will perform a Telco initiated loopback on just the local unit or if the loopback will be performed on the remote DSL unit.

Table 5. Telnet Session Options

Telnet Session
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Enable
Specifies if the unit will respond to a Telnet session request from a Telnet client on an interconnected IP network.
Telnet Login Required
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Disable
Specifies whether a user ID and password are required to access to the ATI through a Telnet session. Login IDs are created with a password and access level.
Session Access Level
Possible Settings: Administrator, Operator Default Setting: Administrator
The Telnet session access level is interrelated with the access level of the Login ID.
Inactivity Timeout
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Disable
Provides automatic logoff of a Telnet session.
Disconnect Time (Minutes)
Possible Settings: 1–60 Default Setting: 5
Number of minutes of inactivity before a Telnet session terminates automatically. Timeout is based on no keyboard activity. <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Disconnect Time (minutes) option appears when Inactivity Timeout is enabled.

Table 6. General SNMP Management Options

SNMP Management
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Disable
Enable or disables the SNMP management features.
Community Name 1
Possible Settings: [ASCII text], Public Default Text: Public
Identifies the name of the community allowed to access the unit's MIB. The community name must be supplied by an external SNMP manager when that manager attempts to access an object in the MIB.
Name 1 Access
Possible Settings: Read, Read/Write Default Setting: Read
Determines the access level for Community Name 1.
Community Name 2
Possible Settings: [ASCII text], Public Default Text: Public
Identifies the name of the second community allowed to access the unit's MIB. The community name must be supplied by an external SNMP manager when that manager attempts to access an object in the MIB.
Name 2 Access
Possible Settings: Read, Read/Write Default Setting: Read
Determines the access level for Community Name 2.

Table 7. SNMP NMS Security Options

NMS IP Validation
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Disable
Specifies whether security checking is performed on the IP address of SNMP management systems attempting to access the node.
Number of Managers
Possible Settings: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 Default Setting: 1
Specifies the number of SNMP management systems that can send SNMP messages.
NMS <i>n</i> IP Address
Possible Settings: 001.000.000.000 – 223.255.255.255, Clear Default Setting: 000.000.000.000
Specifies the Internet Protocol address used to identify each SNMP manager.
Access Level
Possible Settings: Read, Read/Write Default Setting: Read
Determines the access level allowed for an authorized NMS when IP address validation is being performed.

Table 8. SNMP Traps Options

SNMP Traps
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Disable
Controls the generation of SNMP trap messages. The options for addresses and types of traps are located in this table.
Number of Trap Managers
Possible Settings: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Default Setting: 1
Sets the number of SNMP management systems that will receive SNMP traps. <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ This field is available only when the unit is not running in IP Conservative mode.
NMS <i>n</i> IP Address
Possible Settings: 001.000.000.000 – 223.255.255.255, Clear Default Setting: 000.000.000.000
Specifies the Internet Protocol address used to identify each SNMP trap manager. <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ This field is available only when the unit is not running in IP Conservative mode.
NMS <i>n</i> Destination
Possible Settings: IMC, DSL1, DSL2, DSL3, DSL4 Default Setting: IMC
Provides the network destination path of each trap manager. <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ NMS <i>n</i> Destination is available only when the unit is configured as an NTU and not running in IP Conservative mode. Disabled ports cannot be specified.
General Traps
Possible Settings: Disable, Warm, AuthFail, Both Default Setting: Both
Determines which SNMP traps are sent to each trap manager.
Enterprise Specific Traps
Possible Settings: Enable, Disable Default Setting: Disable
Determines if SNMP traps are generated for enterprise-specific events.
Link Traps
Possible Settings: Disable, Up, Down, Both Default Setting: Both
Determines if SNMP traps are generated for link up and link down for one of the communication interfaces.
Link Trap Interfaces
Possible Settings: Network, DSX-1, All Default Setting: All
Determines if the SNMP <i>linkUp</i> , SNMP <i>linkDown</i> , and interface-related <i>enterpriseSpecific</i> traps are generated for the network DSL interface and/or DSX-1 interface (DTE).

▲ Important Safety Instructions

1. Read and follow all warning notices and instructions marked on the product or included in the manual.
2. Slots and openings in the cabinet are provided for ventilation. To ensure reliable operation of the product and to protect it from overheating, these slots and openings must not be blocked or covered.
3. Do not allow anything to rest on the power cord and do not locate the product where persons will walk on the power cord.
4. Do not attempt to install or service this product yourself, as opening or removing covers may expose you to dangerous high voltage points or other risks. Refer all installation and servicing to qualified service personnel.
5. General purpose cables are provided with this product. Special cables, which may be required by the regulatory inspection authority for the installation site, are the responsibility of the customer.
6. When installed in the final configuration, the product must comply with the applicable Safety Standards and regulatory requirements of the country in which it is installed. If necessary, consult with the appropriate regulatory agencies and inspection authorities to ensure compliance.
7. A rare phenomenon can create a voltage potential between the earth grounds of two or more buildings. If products installed in separate buildings are **interconnected**, the voltage potential may cause a hazardous condition. Consult a qualified electrical consultant to determine whether or not this phenomenon exists and, if necessary, implement corrective action prior to interconnecting the products.
8. In addition, if the equipment is to be used with telecommunications circuits, take the following precautions:
 - Never install telephone wiring during a lightning storm.
 - Never install telephone jacks in wet locations unless the jack is specifically designed for wet locations.
 - Never touch uninsulated telephone wires or terminals unless the telephone line has been disconnected at the network interface.
 - Use caution when installing or modifying telephone lines.
 - Avoid using a telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
 - Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.

EMI Notices

▲ UNITED STATES – EMI NOTICE:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

The authority to operate this equipment is conditioned by the requirements that no modifications will be made to the equipment unless the changes or modifications are expressly approved by Paradyne Corporation.

▲ CANADA – EMI NOTICE:

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian interference-causing equipment regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

Warranty, Sales, Service, and Training Information

Contact your local sales representative, service representative, or distributor directly for any help needed. For additional information concerning warranty, sales, service, repair, installation, documentation, training, distributor locations, or Paradyne worldwide office locations, use one of the following methods:

- **Internet:** Visit the Paradyne World Wide Web site at www.paradyne.com. (Be sure to register your warranty at www.paradyne.com/warranty.)
- **Telephone:** Call our automated system to receive current information by fax or to speak with a company representative.
 - Within the U.S.A., call 1-800-870-2221
 - Outside the U.S.A., call 1-727-530-2340

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